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117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION H.R.7289

[Report No. 117-]

To provide for the National Academies to study and report on a Federal research agenda to advance the understanding of PFAS, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 30, 2022

Mrs. Fletcher (for herself and Mr. Meijer) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology

May --, 2022

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on March 30, 2022]

A BILL

To provide for the National Academies to study and report on a Federal research agenda to advance the understanding of PFAS, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Federal PFAS Research
5	$Evaluation\ Act".$
6	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
7	Congress finds the following:
8	(1) Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances
9	(PFAS) are a group of man-made chemicals that
10	have been used in a wide range of products since the
11	1940s including firefighting foam, carpeting, pack-
12	aging, and cookware. There are more than 5,000 types
13	of registered PFAS compounds. This chemical class is
14	not currently regulated at the Federal level.
15	(2) PFAS have been detected in air, water, soil,
16	food, biosolids, and more. They can accumulate and
17	remain in the body for a long time, and potentially
18	lead to serious health effects including cancer, low in-
19	fant birthweight, liver and kidney issues, reproductive
20	and developmental problems, and more.
21	(3) There remains much unknown about PFAS
22	toxicity, human and environmental health effects, ex-
23	posure pathways, as well as effective removal, treat-
24	ment, and destruction methods, and safe alternatives
25	to PFAS.

1	(4) Federal research efforts have been fragmented
2	at various agencies and struggled to effectively ad-
3	dress the full scope of challenges presented by PFAS.
4	(5) Regulatory action and cleanup depend on
5	scientific analysis of toxicity data, decision making
6	on how best to deal with PFAS, and understanding
7	the significance of the many exposure pathways that
8	exist. A consensus study by the National Academies of
9	Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine would help in-
10	form decisions by Federal and State Governments, in-
11	dustry, and other stakeholders on how to best address
12	PFAS.
13	SEC. 3. NATIONAL ACADEMIES REPORTS.
13 14	SEC. 3. NATIONAL ACADEMIES REPORTS. (a) RESEARCH ASSESSMENTS OF PFAS.—
14	(a) Research Assessments of PFAS.—
14 15	(a) Research Assessments of PFAS.— (1) In General.—Not later than 90 days after
141516	(a) Research Assessments of PFAS.— (1) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
14151617	(a) Research Assessments of PFAS.— (1) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in consulta-
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Research Assessments of PFAS.— (1) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in consultation with the Director of the National Science Foun-
141516171819	(a) Research Assessments of PFAS.— (1) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in consultation with the Director of the National Science Foundation, the Secretary of Defense, the Director of the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Research Assessments of PFAS.— (1) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in consultation with the Director of the National Science Foundation, the Secretary of Defense, the Director of the National Institutes of Health, and other Federal agen-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Research Assessments of PFAS.— (1) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in consultation with the Director of the National Science Foundation, the Secretary of Defense, the Director of the National Institutes of Health, and other Federal agencies with expertise relevant to understanding PFAS

 $subsection\ to\ further\ address\ research\ and\ knowledge$

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1	gaps identified by the Federal Government Human
2	Health PFAS Research Workshop held on October 26
3	and 27, 2020, and identify research and development
4	needed to identify, categorize, evaluate, and address
5	individual or total PFAS.
6	(2) Study and report on human exposure
7	ESTIMATION.—
8	(A) In general.—The study required to be
9	conducted under paragraph (1) shall, at a min-
10	imum—
11	(i) consider life-cycle information on
12	the manufacture, use, and disposal of
13	PFAS-containing products to identify po-
14	tential human exposure sources, including
15	occupational exposures, and potential expo-
16	sure pathways for the public;
17	(ii) evaluate the fate and transport of
18	PFAS and their breakdown products;
19	(iii) if feasible, estimate human expo-
20	sure to individual or total PFAS to deter-
21	mine relative source contributions for var-
22	ious exposure pathways (such as air, water,
23	soil, or food);
24	(iv) determine the range of solubility,
25	stability, and volatility of PFAS most likely

1	to be found in the environment and the re-
2	sulting prevalence in animals and humans;
3	(v) give consideration as to whether
4	chemical category-based approaches would
5	be appropriate for evaluating PFAS tox-
6	icity and exposure;
7	(vi) identify research needed to ad-
8	vance exposure estimation to individual or
9	total PFAS; and
10	(vii) identify research needed to ad-
11	vance toxicity and hazard assessment of in-
12	dividual or total PFAS.
13	(B) Report.—Not later than 540 days
14	after the date on which the agreement described
15	in paragraph (1) is finalized, the National Acad-
16	emies shall submit to Congress a report con-
17	taining the findings and recommendations of the
18	study described in subparagraph (A) and shall
19	make such report available on a publicly acces-
20	$sible\ website.$
21	(b) Research Assessment of Management and
22	TREATMENT ALTERNATIVES FOR PFAS CONTAMINATION IN
23	THE ENVIRONMENT.—
24	(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days after
25	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator

1	of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Di-
2	rector of the National Science Foundation, in con-
3	sultation with the Secretary of Defense and other Fed-
4	eral agencies with expertise relevant to the develop-
5	ment of PFAS alternatives and the management and
6	treatment of PFAS, shall jointly enter into an agree-
7	ment with the National Academies to conduct a study
8	and submit a report in accordance with this sub-
9	section to better understand the research and develop-
10	ment needed to advance the understanding of the ex-
11	tent and implications of human and environmental
12	contamination by PFAS, how to manage and treat
13	such contamination, and the development of safe al-
14	ternatives.
15	(2) Scope of study.—The study described in
16	paragraph (1) shall, at a minimum, include the fol-
17	lowing:
18	(A) An assessment of the best available
19	strategies for PFAS treatment, site remediation,
20	and safe disposal, including demonstration or
21	pilot projects related to destruction methods and
22	alternative materials or tools for firefighters.
23	(B) A description of the research gaps relat-
24	ing to such issues, including consideration of

emerging or future PFAS and potential classi-
$fication\ methods.$
(C) Recommendations on how the Federal
Government can best address the research needs
identified pursuant to subparagraph (B) through
increased collaboration or coordination of exist-
ing and new programs.
(D) Recommendations on how research can
best incorporate considerations of socioeconomic
issues into the development of research proposals
and the conduct of research.
(3) Report.—Not later than 540 days after the
date on which the agreement described in paragraph
(1) is finalized, the National Academies shall submit
to Congress a report containing the findings and rec-
ommendations of the study described in paragraph
(2) and shall make such report available on a pub-
licly accessible website.
(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
authorized to be appropriated \$3,000,000 to the Adminis-
trator of the Environmental Protection Agency to carry out
this section.
SEC. 4. IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.
Not later than 180 days after submission to Congress
of latest of the National Academies reports under section

1	3, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Pol-
2	icy, in coordination with all relevant Federal agencies, shall
3	submit to Congress an implementation plan for increased
4	collaboration and coordination of Federal PFAS research,
5	development, and demonstration activities. In preparing
6	such an implementation plan, the Director shall take into
7	consideration the recommendations included in the reports
8	in section 3.
9	SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS.
10	In this Act :
11	(1) National academies.—The term "National
12	Academies" means the National Academies of
13	Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine.
14	(2) PFAS.—The term "PFAS" means per- and
15	polyfluoroalkyl substances, including mixtures of such

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substances.